

Shellfish TMDL Development for the Rappahannock River Watershed at Tappahannock

**Includes portion of Rappahannock Main Stem at
Tappahannock, Piscataway Creek, Little Carter
Creek, Jugs Creek, Mark Haven Beach,
& Garret's Marina**

First Public Meetings

September 30, 2009

Tappahannock, VA



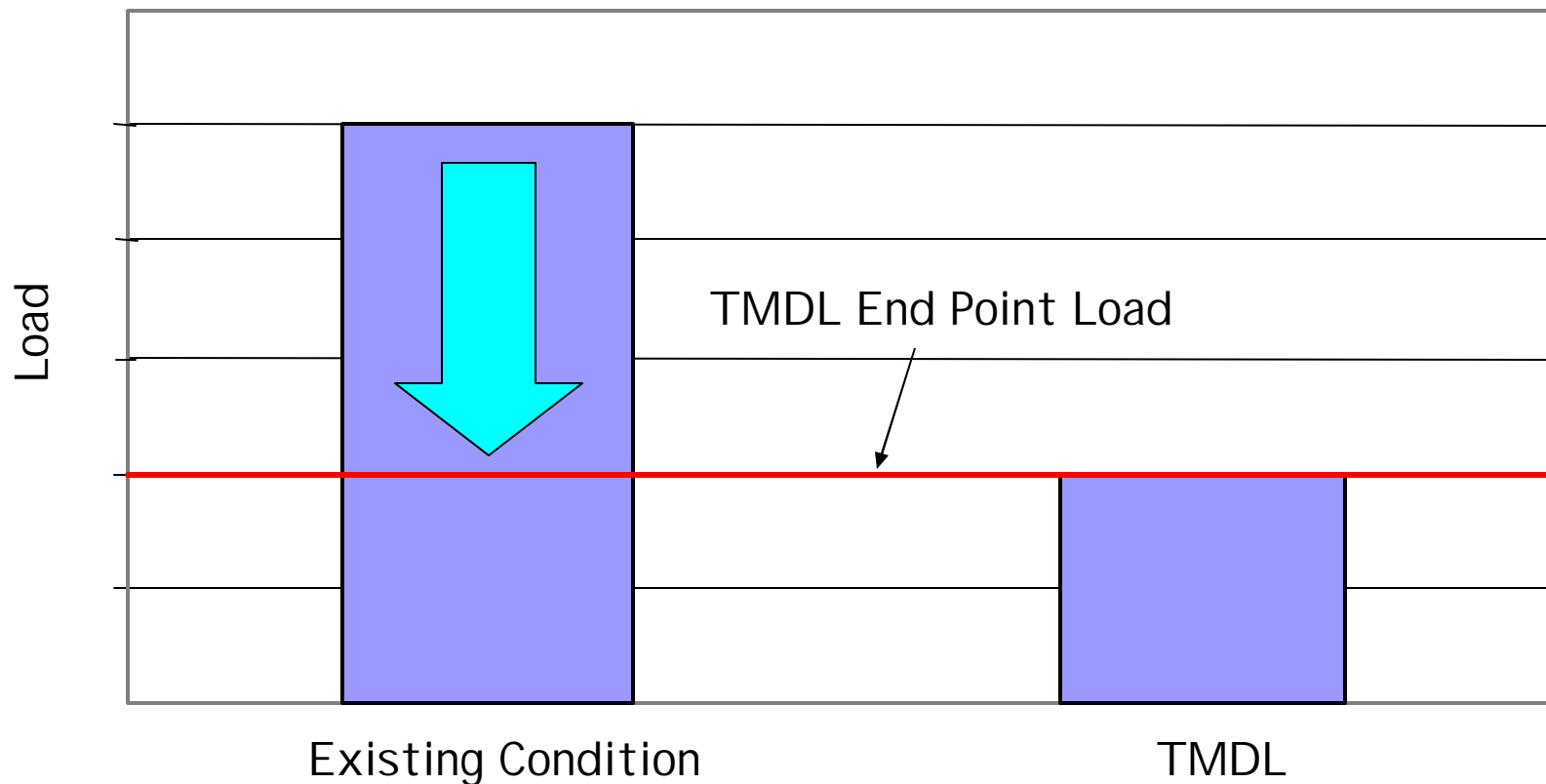
What is a TMDL?

TMDL = Total Maximum Daily Load =
maximum amount of a pollutant that can
exist in a waterbody without violating
water quality standards (WQS)

WQS = numeric or narrative limits on
pollutants that ensure the protection of
human health and of aquatic life



A Visual Example of a TMDL



Reducing existing bacteria load to the TMDL end point load is expected to restore water quality.

Why are TMDL studies necessary?

- TMDLs must be developed for water bodies that do not meet water quality standards for their designated uses.
- Impaired waters occur throughout Virginia in lakes, streams, and tidal waters.
- In Virginia, ~1100 TMDLs due by 2020

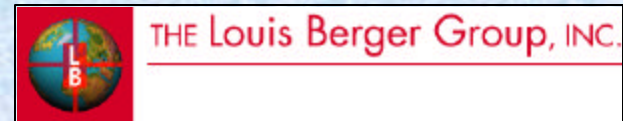
Designated Uses

- ❑ Primary Contact (Swimming)
- ❑ Public Water Supply
- ❑ Aquatic Life
- ❑ Fish Consumption
- ❑ Shellfish Consumption
- ❑ Wildlife

Molluscan shellfish (oysters, clams, mussels) filter the water to feed and tend to concentrate microscopic particles, such as bacteria within their flesh. Bacteria, when concentrated in the flesh of shellfish, can pose a health risk to humans when consumed.

People involved in the Process:

- ❑ Virginia Department of Health
- ❑ Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation
- ❑ Contractor (Louis Berger Group)
- ❑ Other State Agencies, Local Governments and Planning Districts
- ❑ U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and other appropriate federal agencies
- ❑ Citizens groups, educational institutions environmental groups, & local business
- ❑ **YOU!**

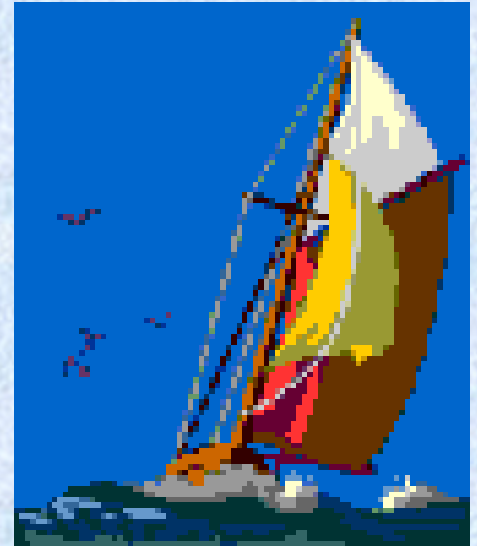


What information is used to develop a TMDL?

- ❑ Bacteria monitoring data (VDH & DEQ)
- ❑ Population estimates for humans, pets, wildlife, livestock (Census, VIMS, DCR, DGIF, & the public)
- ❑ Waterbody flow & volume
- ❑ Bacterial Source Tracking Data (BST)
- ❑ Land Use, Climate, Tide, etc.
- ❑ DEQ permit data
- ❑ DEQ spill response and remediation data

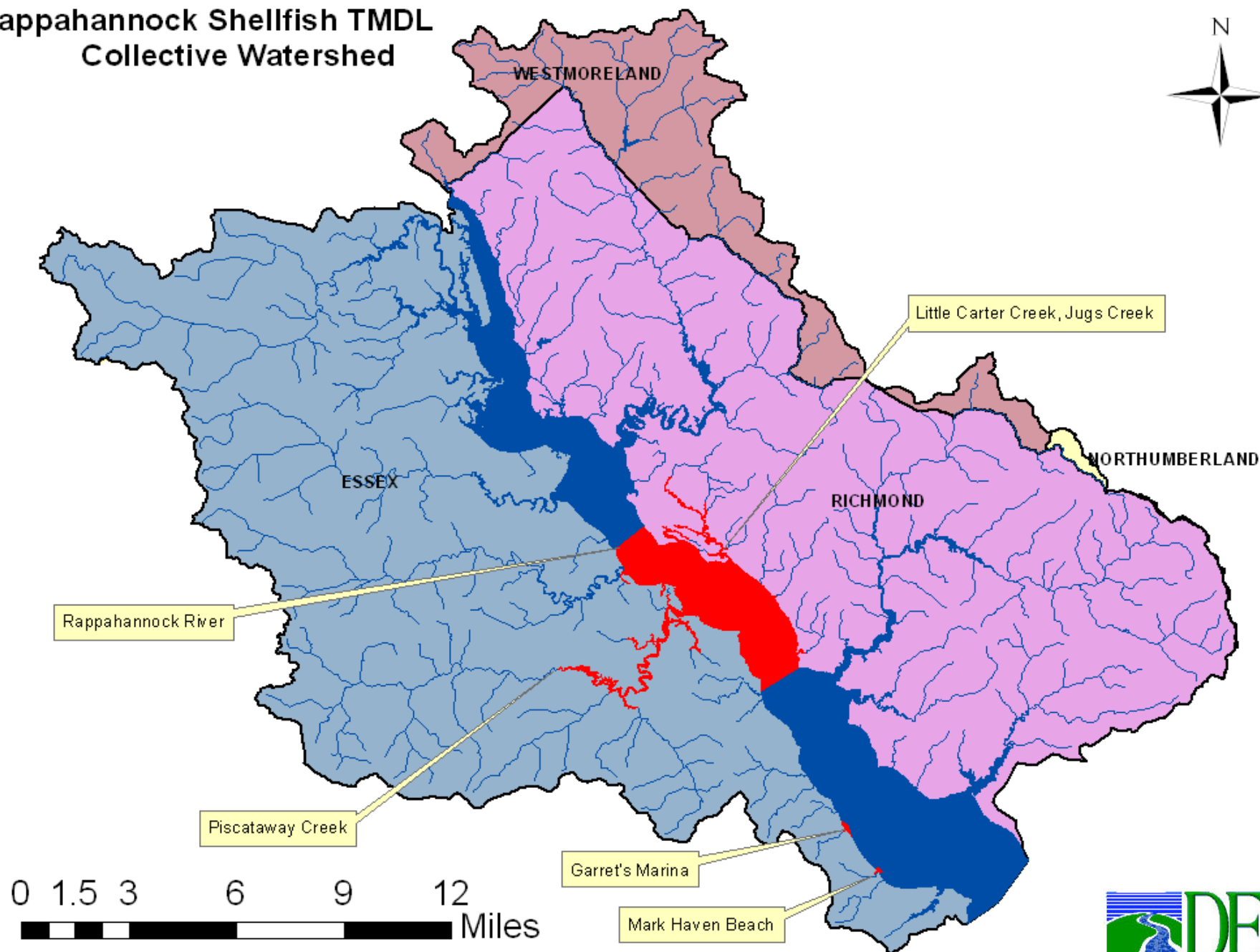
Virginia's TMDL Development

- TMDL study
- Implementation Planning
- Implementation
- Post Monitor and Report on Progress



= = > * * Many opportunities for public
input and participation! * *

Rappahannock Shellfish TMDL Collective Watershed



How can you help?

PARTICIPATE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF TMDL AND IMPLEMENTATION PLANNING!

- ❑ Attend TMDL development meetings & implementation planning meetings
- ❑ Verify our data
- ❑ Comment on the draft TMDL report during 30 day public comment period
- ❑ Minimize runoff from property
 - install pervious surfaces vs. impervious surfaces
 - Rainbarrels, raingardens, etc.
- ❑ Don't feed wildlife!!! Educate your neighbors!
- ❑ Pick up after pets
- ❑ Maintain septic systems (5-yr pump-out; Mandatory per CBA)

Next Steps...

□ 30 Day Public Comment Period

*****Ends October 29th, 2009*****

- Send comments with the name, address, and telephone number of the commenter.

SEND Comments TO: DEQ - Piedmont Regional Office
Attn: Margaret Smigo
4949-A Cox Road
Glen Allen, VA 23060
Margaret.Smigo@deq.virginia.gov

- DEQ/Berger will continue working on developing TMDL
- Final public meetings tentative for late Fall

Questions??

Presentations and other handouts available at:
<http://www.deq.virginia.gov/tmdl/mtgppt.html>

VDH-DSS Website:
<http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/EnvironmentalHealth/Shellfish/closureSurvey/index.htm>

TMDL Website:
<http://www.deq.virginia.gov/tmdl>

